

NERC Macro Nutrient Cycles LTLS Long term trends in UK N deposition



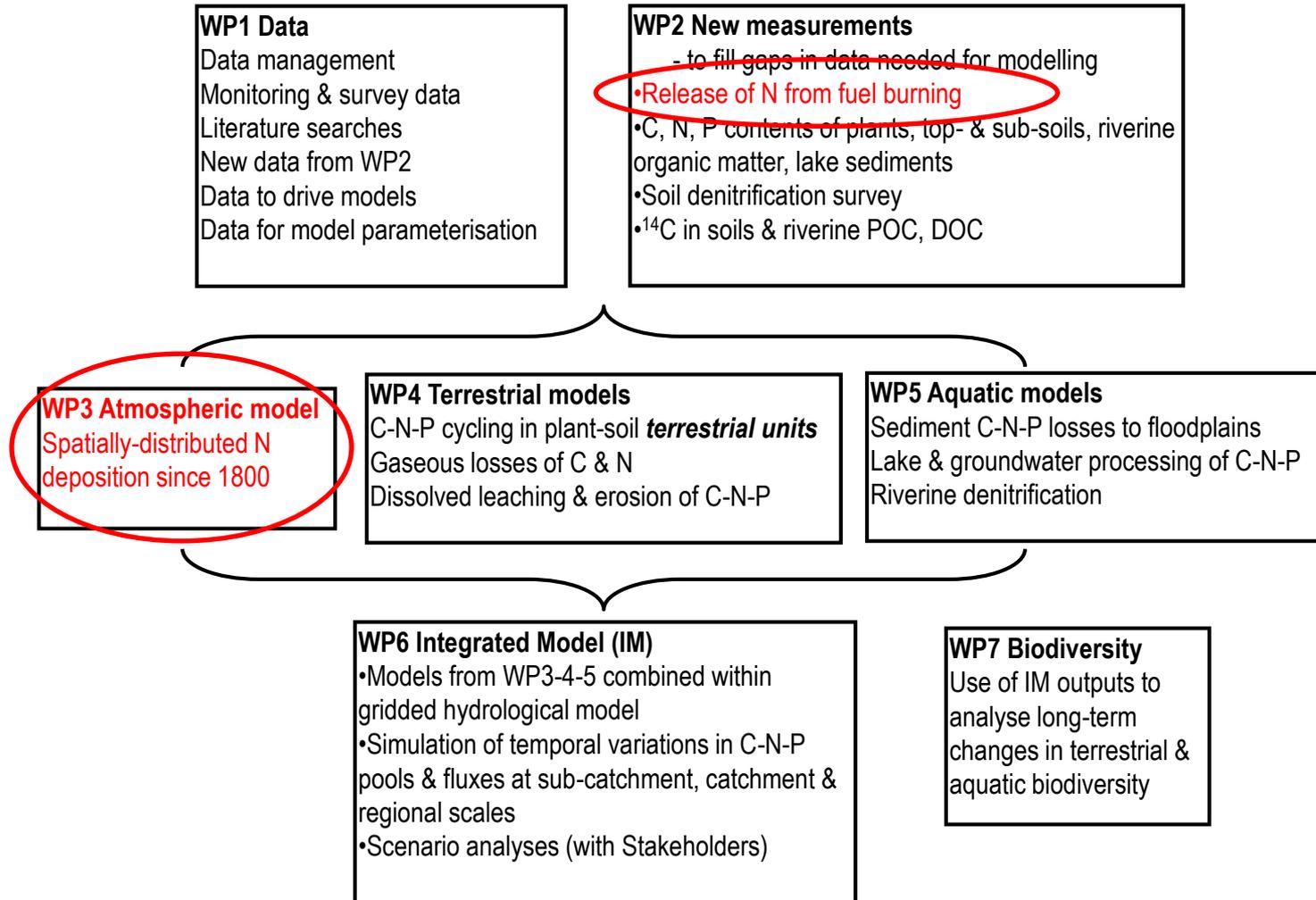
Photo - Shutterstock

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Atmospheric component of LTLS



UK historic N deposition 1800-2010

Aims/objectives

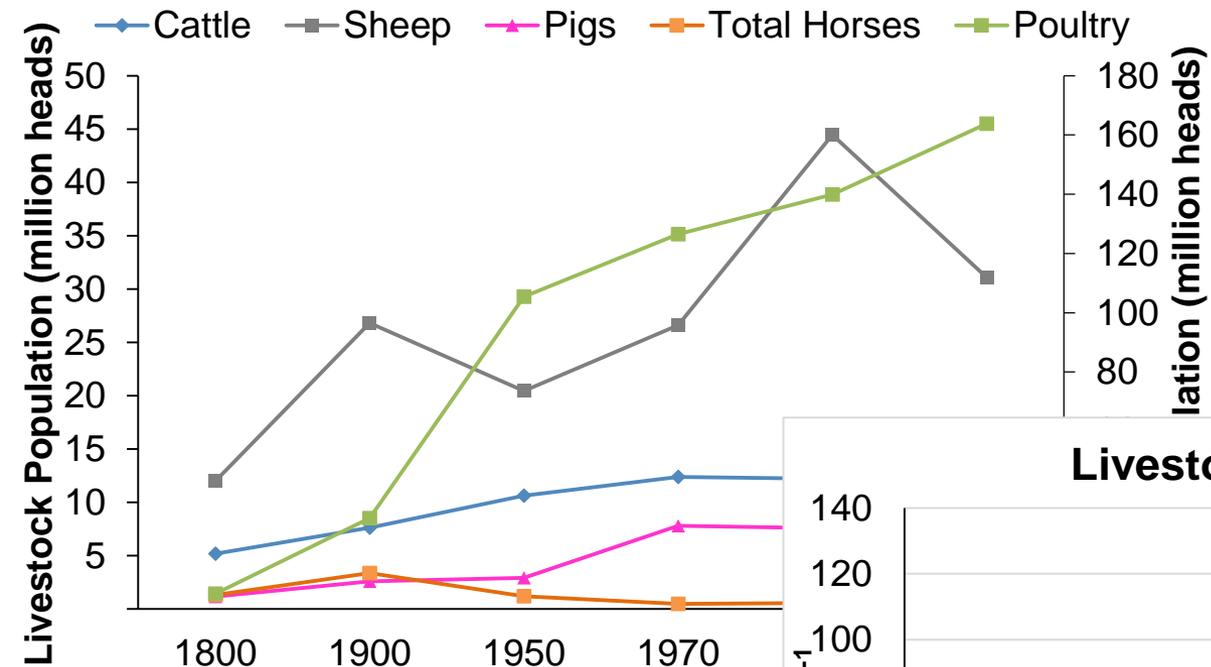
- Reconstruction of N deposition timeline/spatial distribution (5 km)
- 6 time slices: 2010-1990-1970-1950-1900-1800

Tasks/methodology

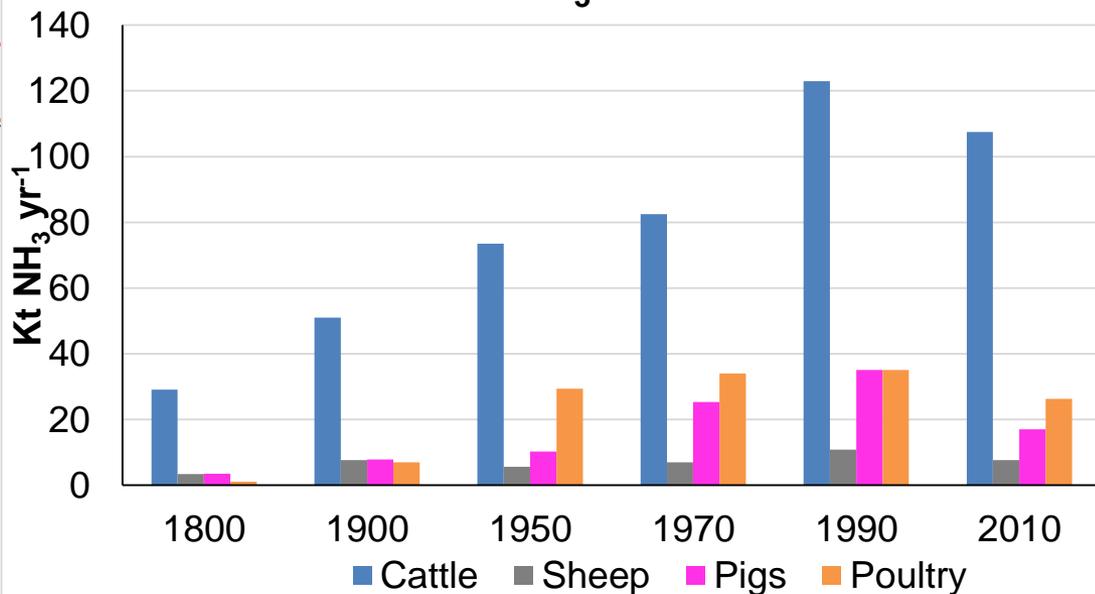
- Research into historical trends of **emission sources** (activity data, spatial distributions, emission factors)
- Finding, analysing and combining **large amounts of data** (e.g. historic human population, agricultural livestock & crops, fertiliser application, agricultural practice, land cover, road/rail transport, shipping, coal mining, power generation, domestic fuel use, industry, landfill, sewage, town gas, ...)
- **Measurements** to quantify emissions from domestic fuel burning
- Atmospheric **emission & deposition modelling** (NARSES, AENEID, FRAME) and mapping

Agricultural NH₃ emissions

Livestock Populations

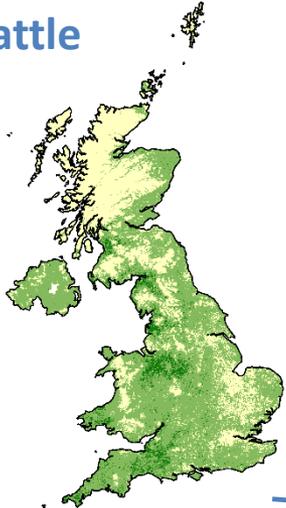


Livestock NH₃ Emissions

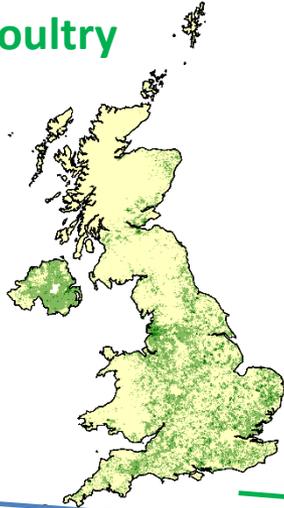


Agricultural NH₃ emissions (1970)

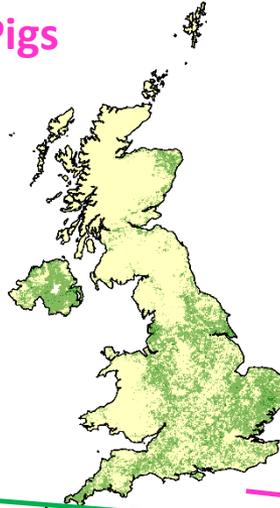
Cattle



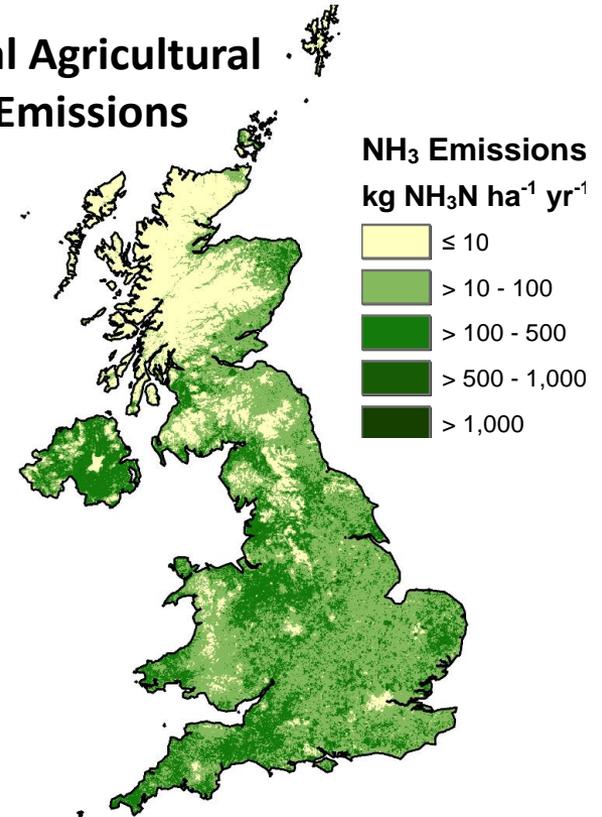
Poultry



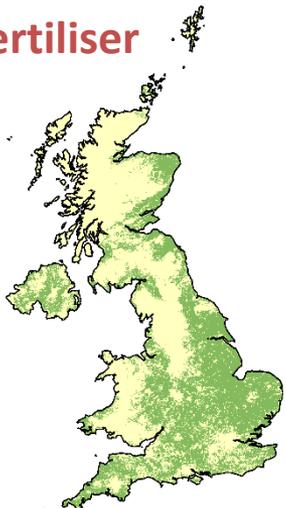
Pigs



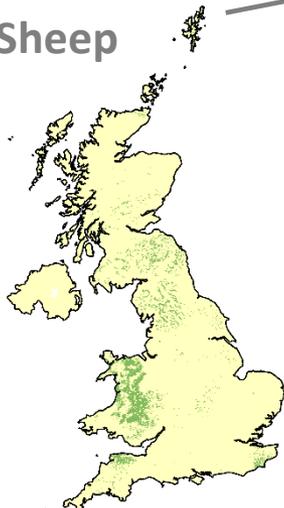
Total Agricultural Emissions



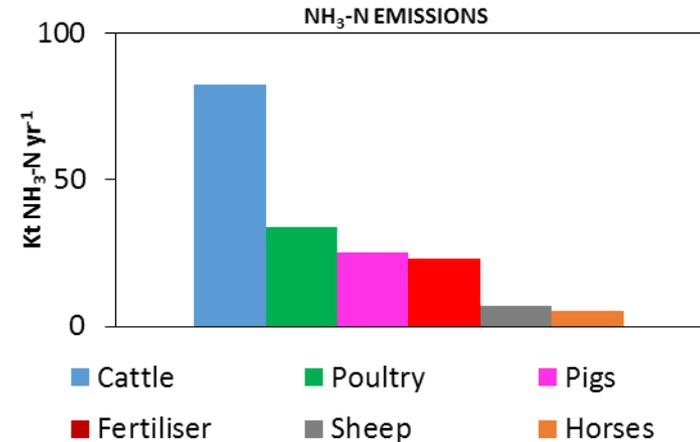
Fertiliser



Sheep

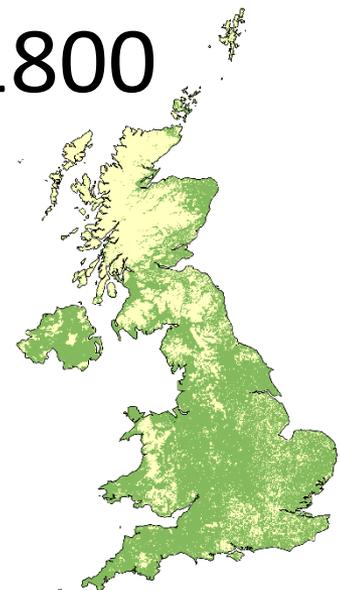


Agric. Horses

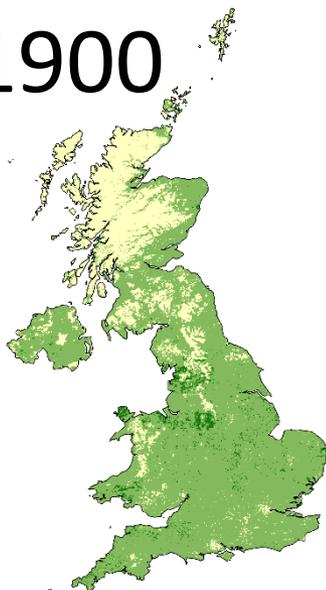


Agricultural NH₃ Emissions

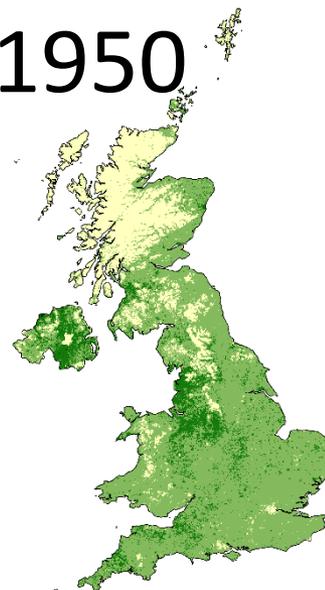
1800



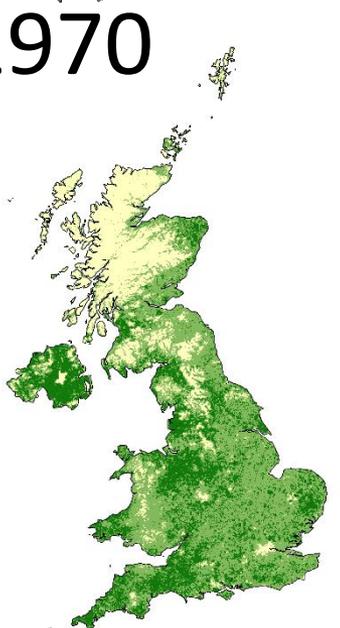
1900



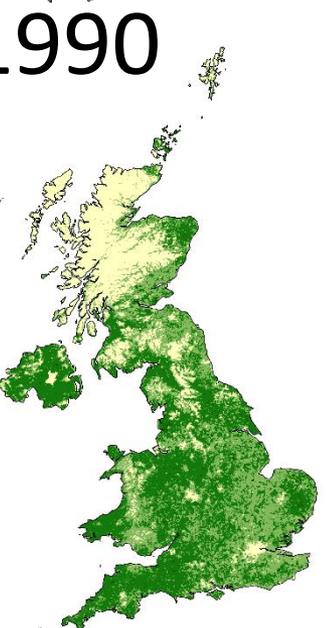
1950



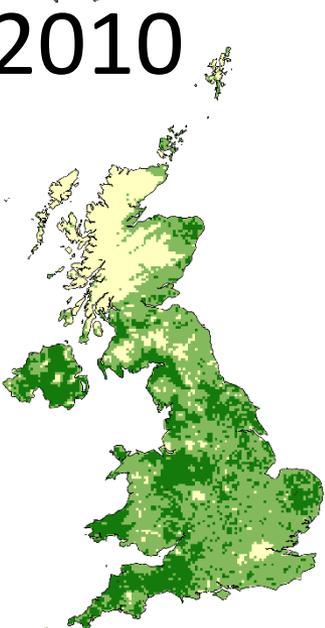
1970



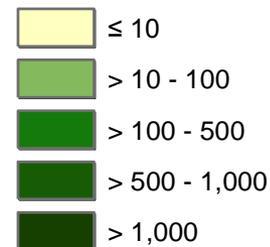
1990



2010



Agricultural NH₃ Emissions
kg NH₃N ha⁻¹ yr⁻¹

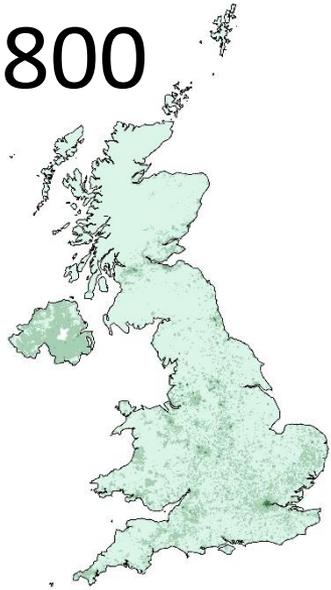


N

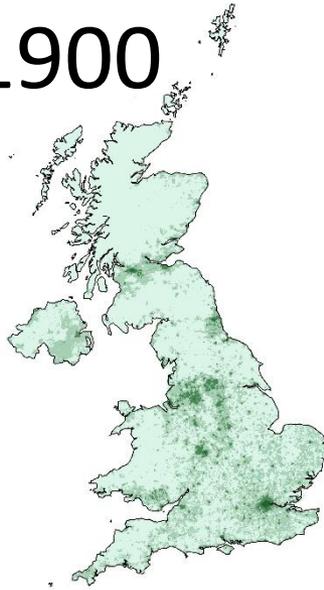


Human population density

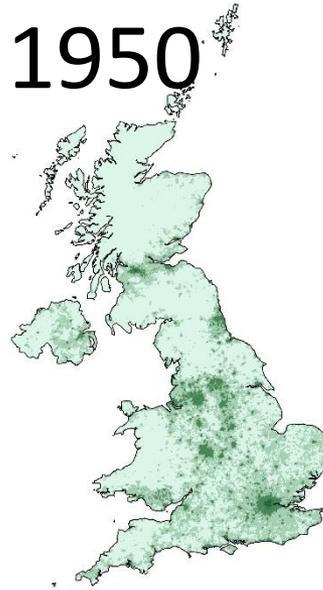
1800



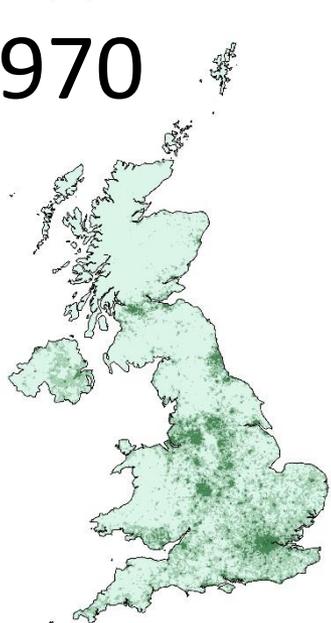
1900



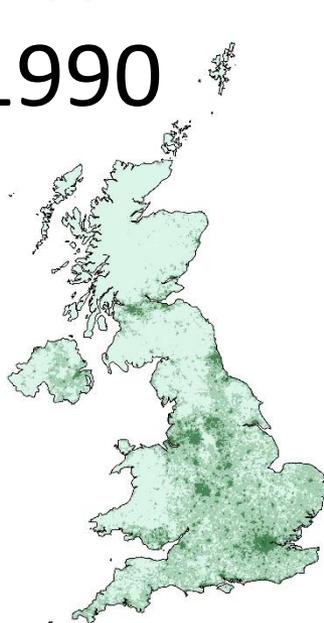
1950



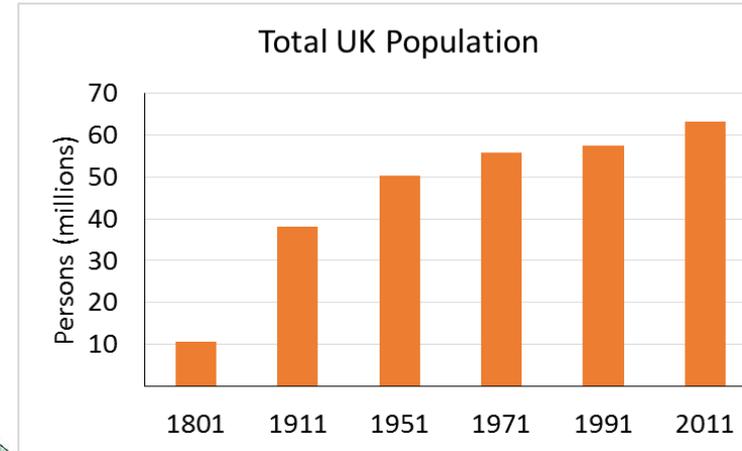
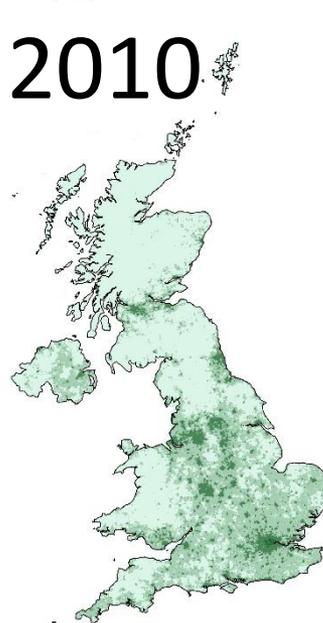
1970



1990

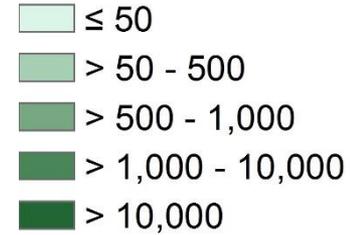


2010



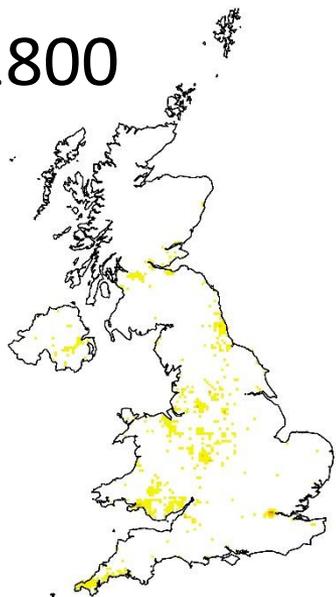
Population Density

Persons km⁻²

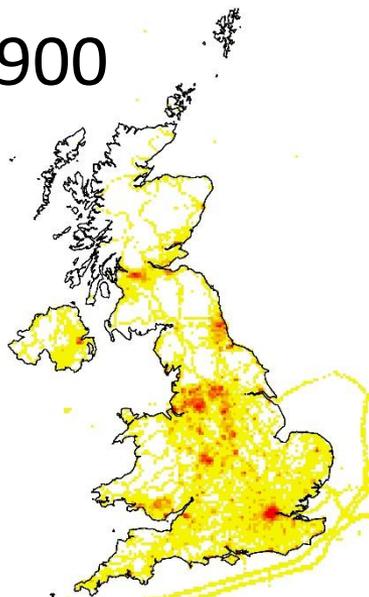


Total NO_x Emissions

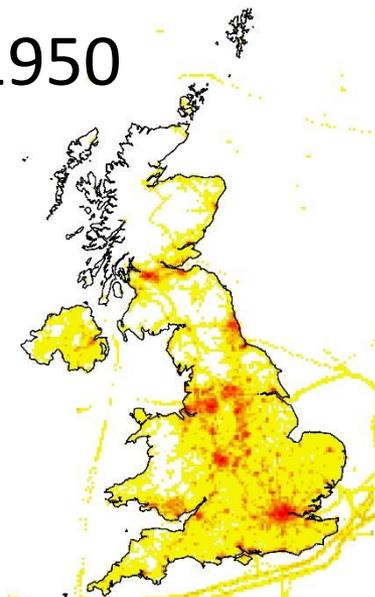
1800



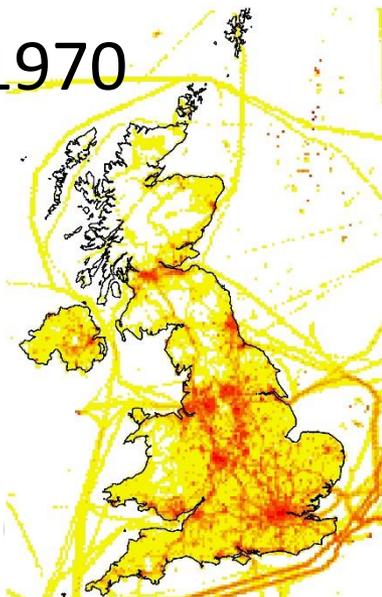
1900



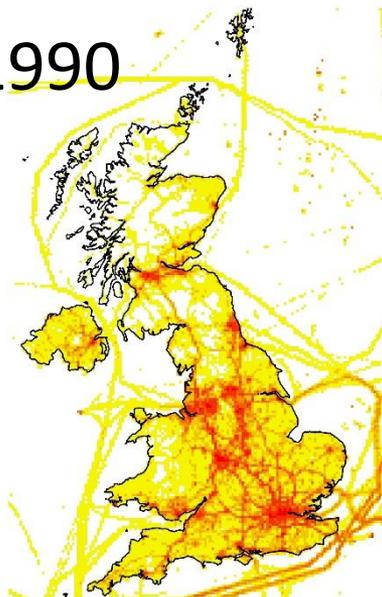
1950



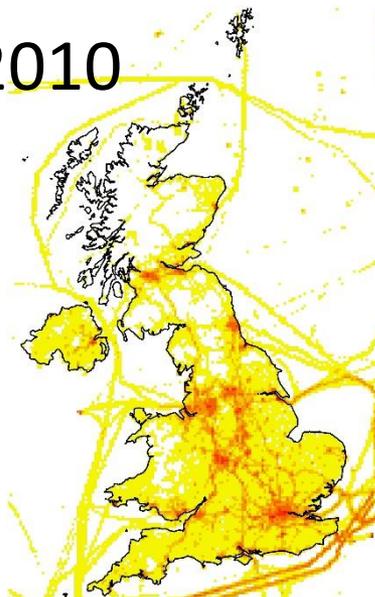
1970



1990

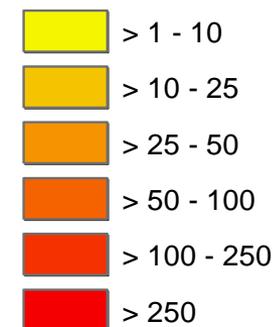


2010



Total NO_x Emissions

kg N ha⁻¹ yr⁻¹



N



How much N is emitted from domestic solid fuel burning?

Fire Experiment – Dec 2014:

low-temperature domestic combustion,
traditional burning practices/fuels

2.5g NO_x kg⁻¹ coal
[0.004 g NH₃ kg⁻¹ coal]

Output:

emission per
kg fuel

Gas Phase

CO₂, CO, NO_x, SO₂,
HCN, NH₃...

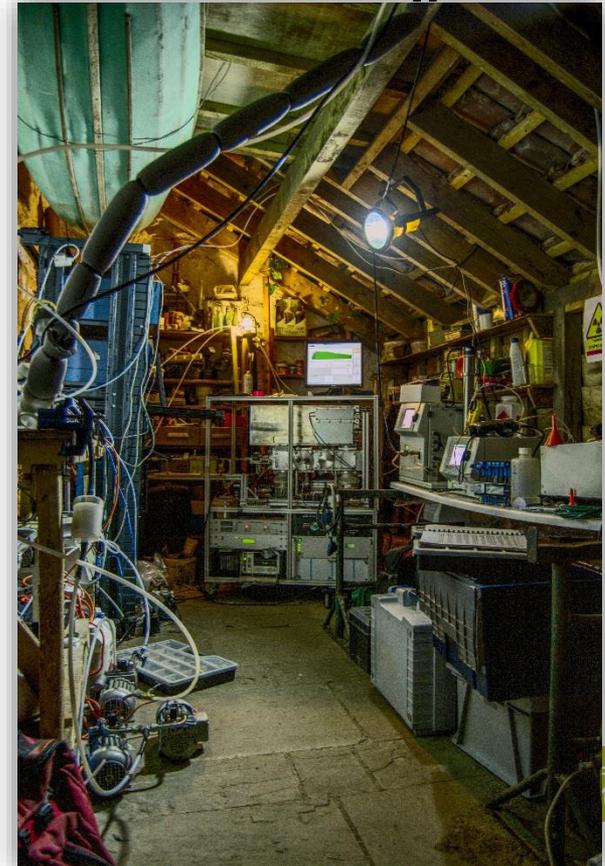
Aerosol Phase

Org, NO₃⁻, NH₄⁺,
SO₄²⁻, Cl⁻

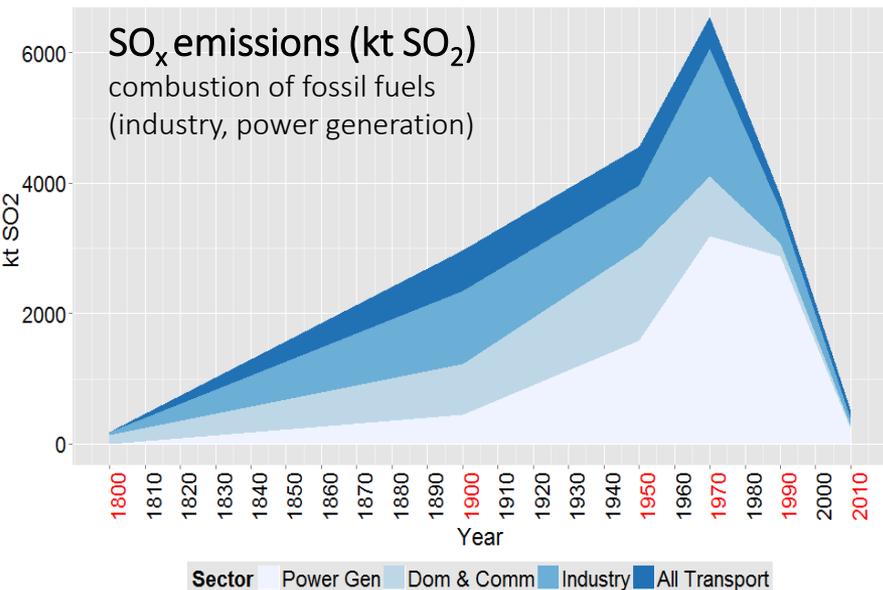
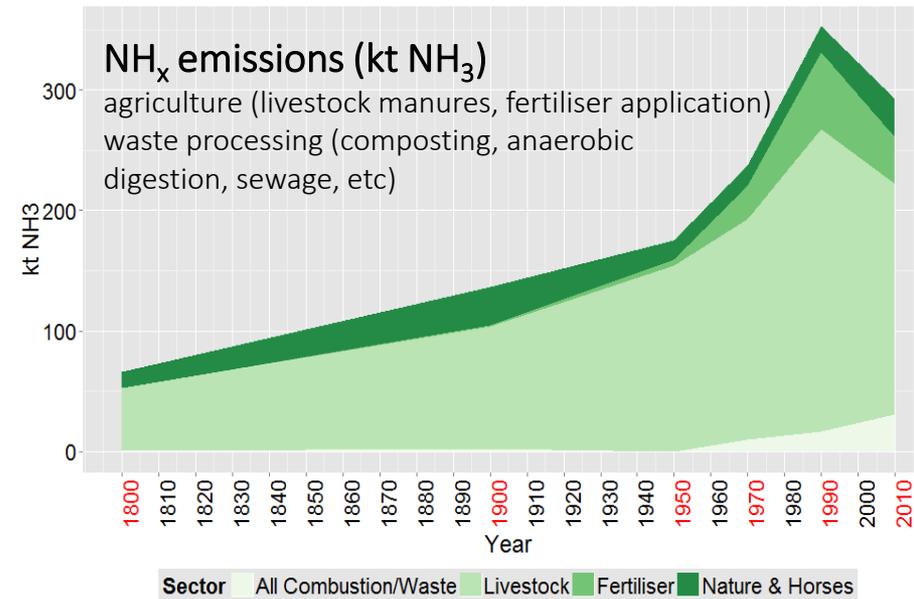
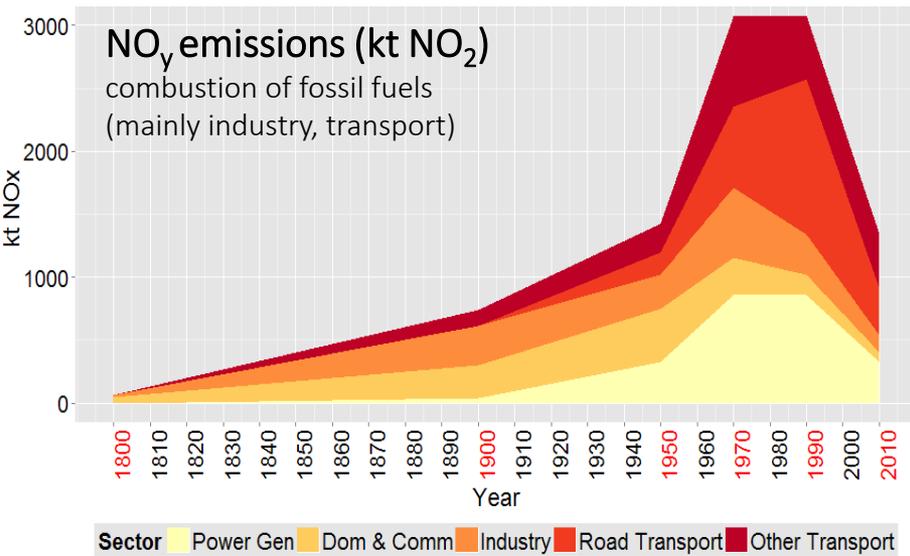


Fuels

Wood
Peat
Coal



Historic emission trends 1800-2010

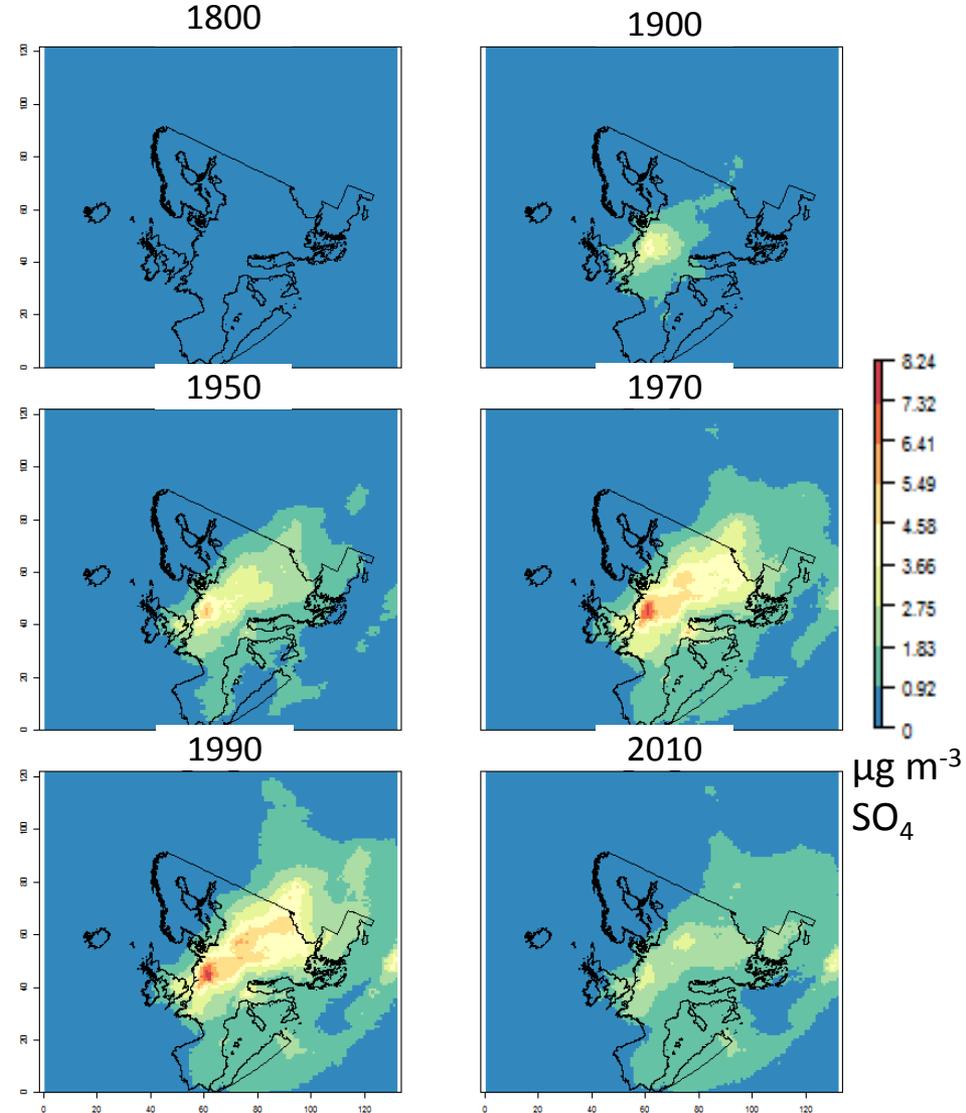
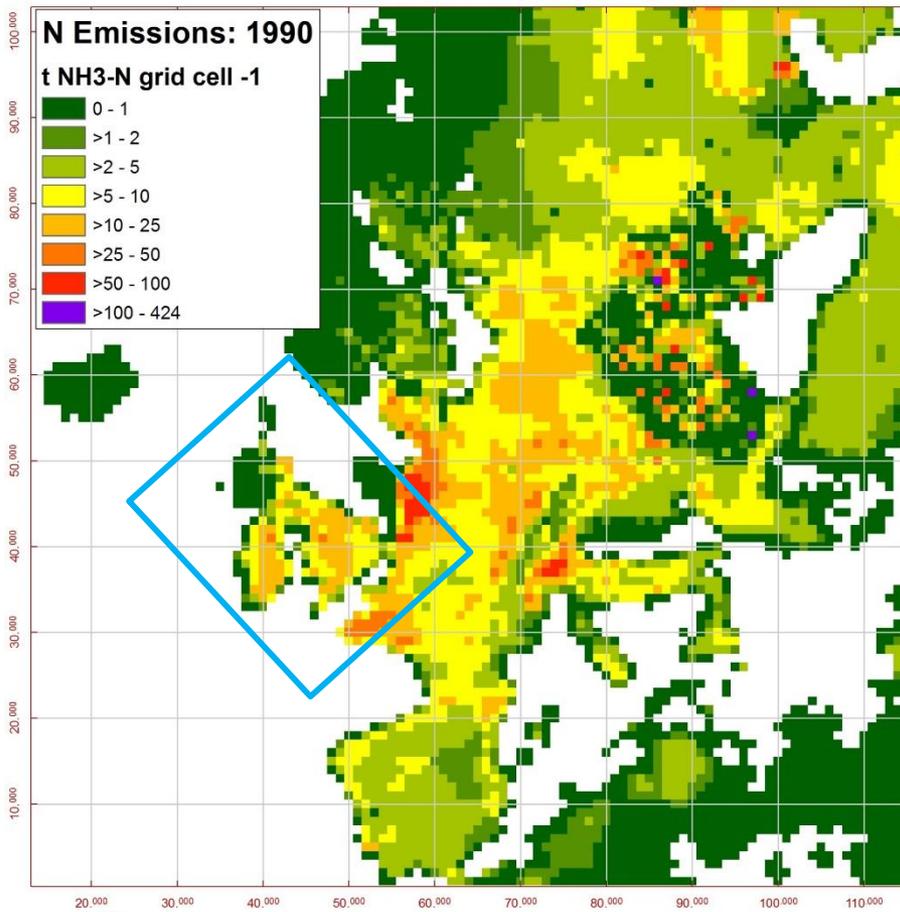


SO₂ important for atmospheric chemistry/deposition processes

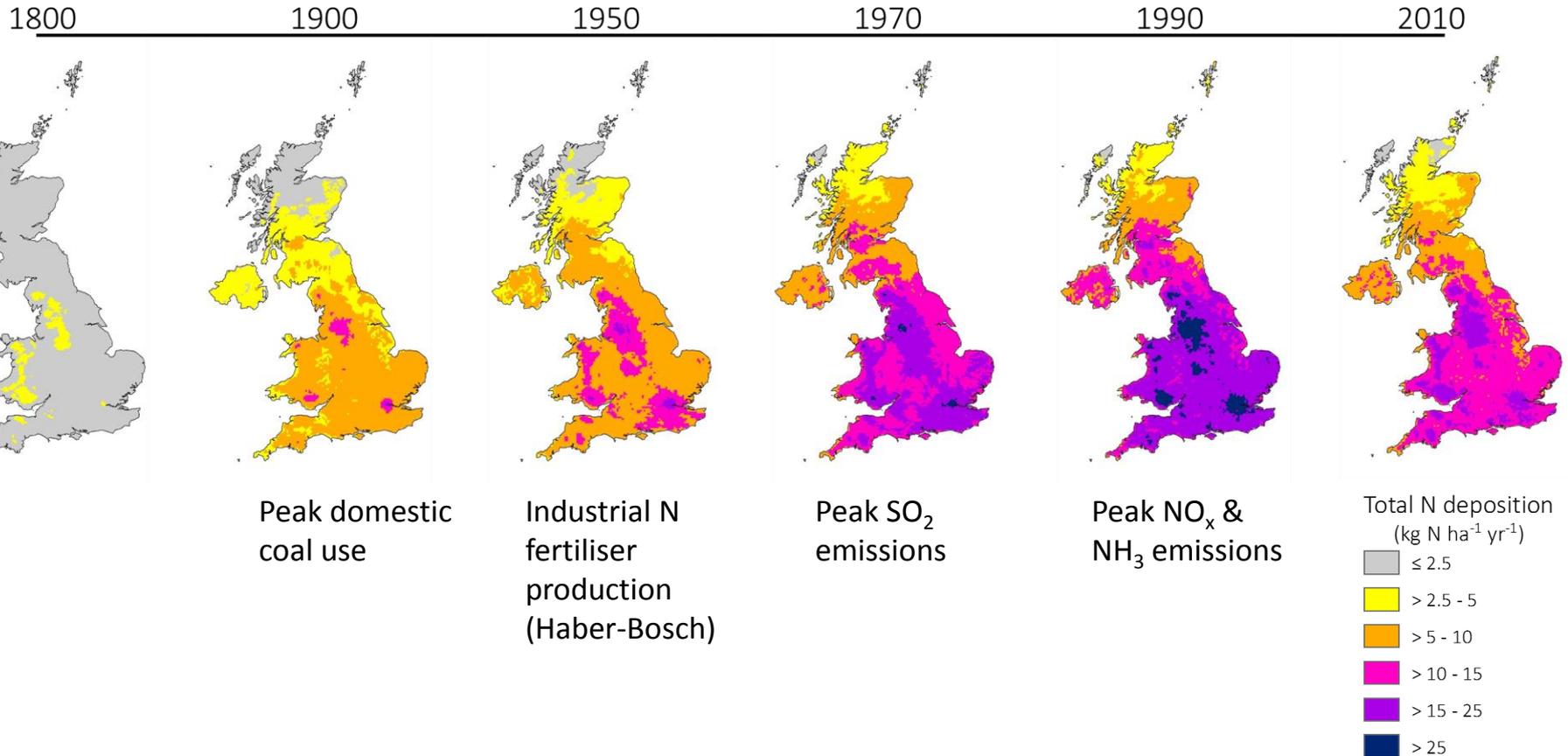
FRAME – European to UK emissions

Fine Resolution Atmospheric Multi-pollutant Exchange (FRAME) model

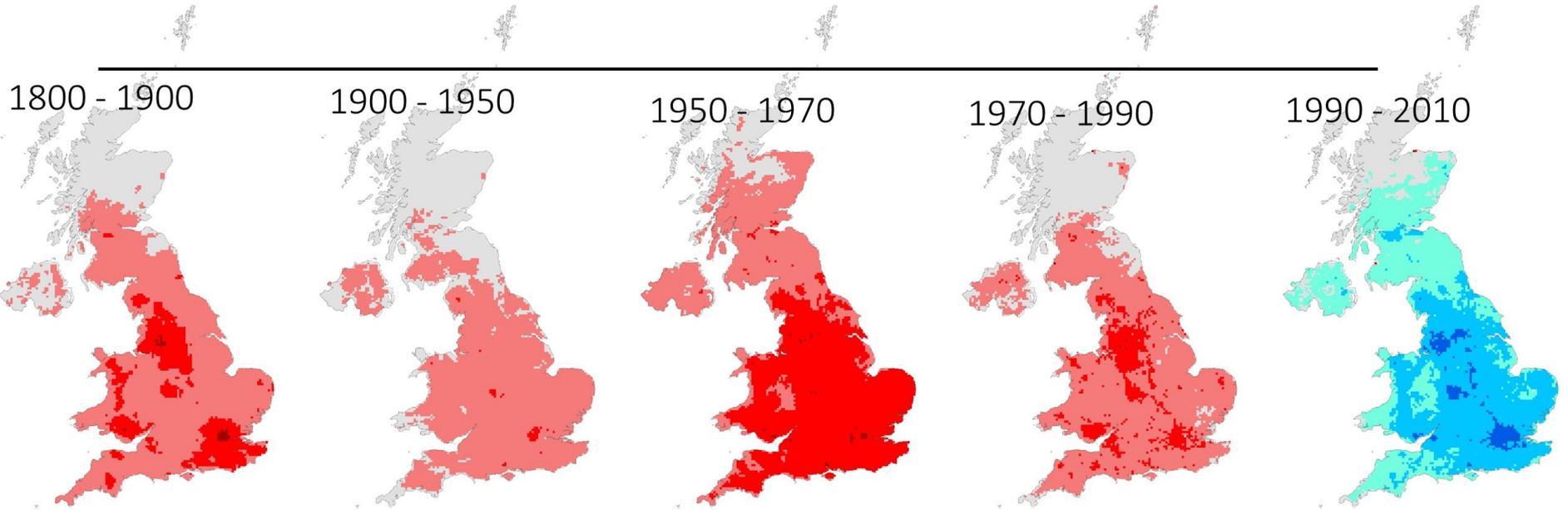
Generates boundary conditions for a 5km FRAME-UK simulation



N deposition timeline 1800-2010



Changes in N deposition 1800-2010



Increase in human population, livestock, domestic burning, mining

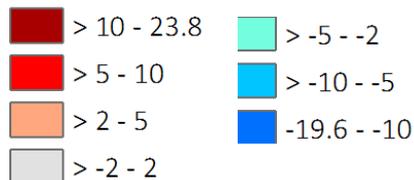
Further (smaller) increases + transport; wars

Large power stations, road transport, fertiliser input increasing, peak SO₂

Further agricultural intensification, transport & industry, peak NO_x & NH₃

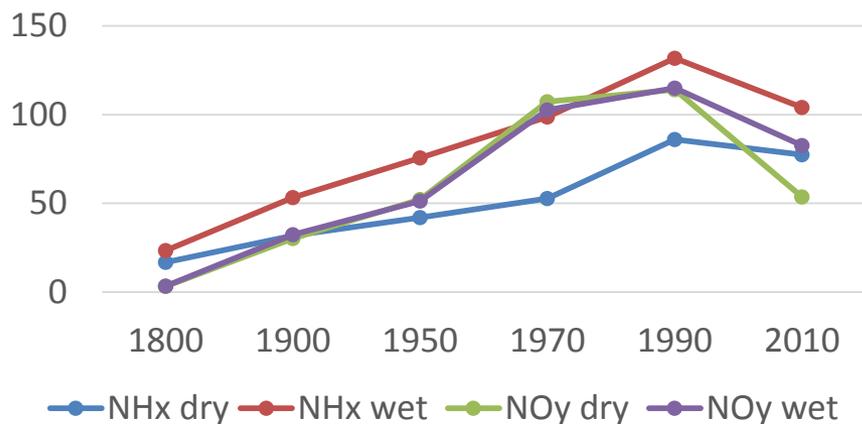
International SO₂ & NO_x legislation, small decrease in NH₃ (mainly fewer animals, less fertiliser)

Change in N deposition
(kg N ha⁻¹)

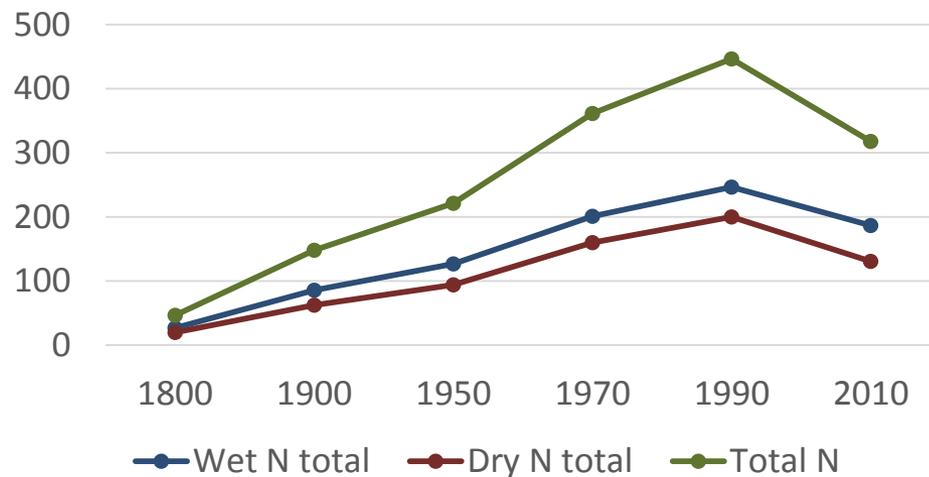


Analysis of N deposition components

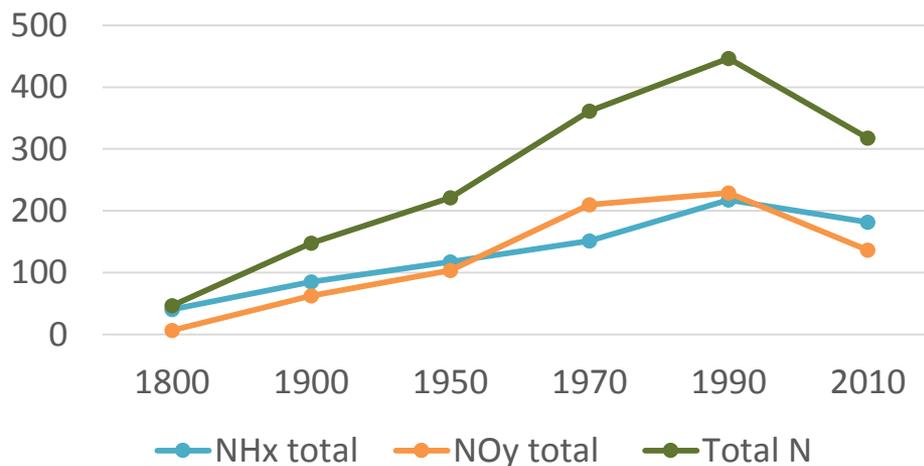
Components of N deposition
(wet NO_x, dry NO_x, wet NH_x, dry NH_x)



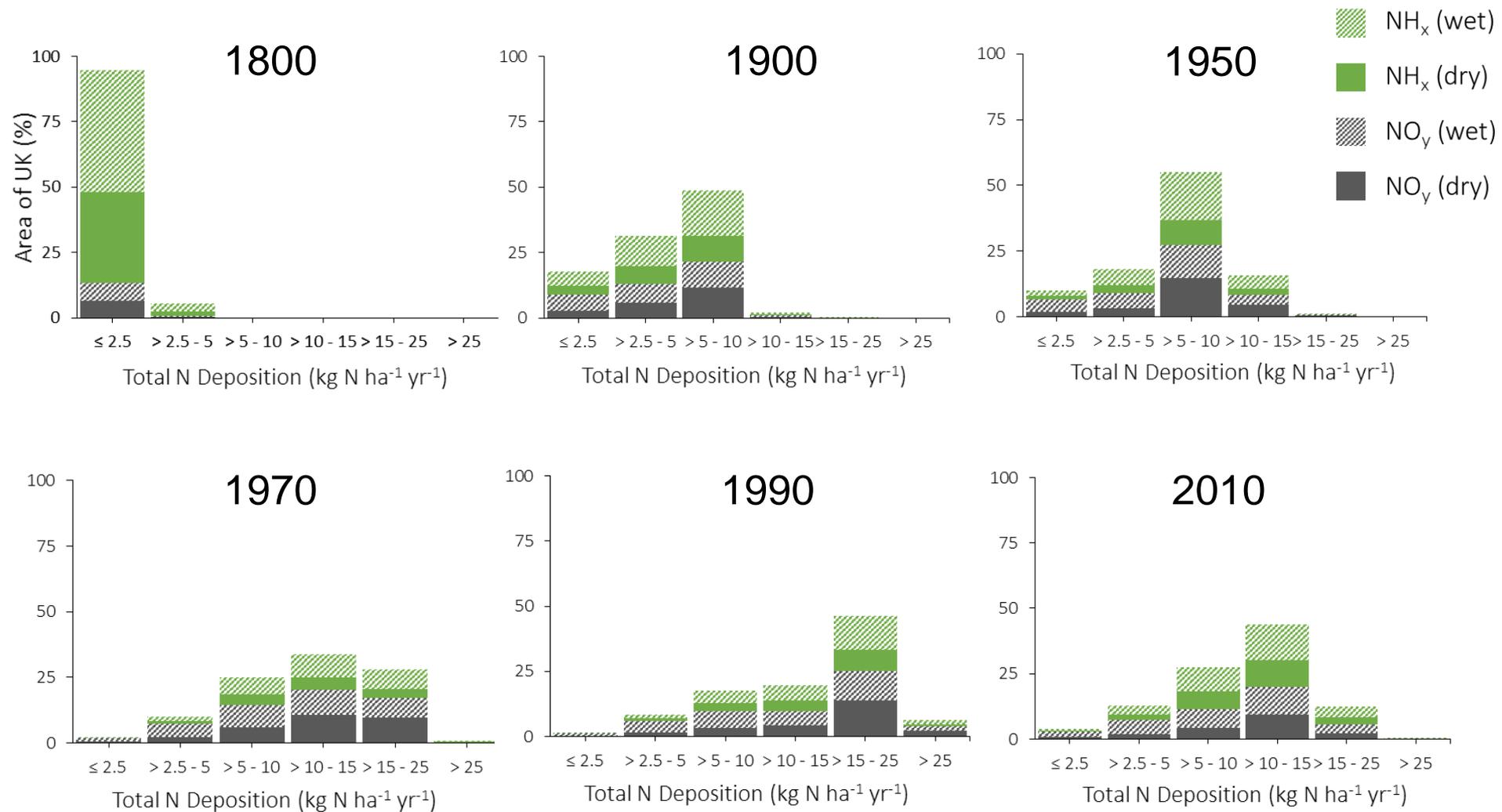
Wet/Dry N deposition 1800-2010



Oxidised/reduced N deposition 1800-2010



N deposition components 1800-2010



Conclusions

- N deposition increased substantially between 1800-1990
- Recent decreases (since 1990) in N deposition mainly due to NO_x emission reductions following international legislation (combustion plants, catalytic converters)
- Changing spatial patterns and composition of N deposition

Acknowledgements

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Edina Agcensus

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Maciej Kryza (University of Wroclaw)